REMARKS

By Elder George A. Smith, Bowery, Sunday Afternoon, September 13, 1857.

REPORTED BY J. V. LONG.

The training of the training the

The last time, I believe, brethren and sisters, that I had the privilege of speaking from this stand was the day previous to my starting for the southern country. We were then expecting a visit from a very formidable force, directly from the State of Missouri. It waked up in my mind the feelings that I used to have, say from ten to twenty years ago, in hearing the constant annoyance of an approaching enemy. And according to the report which has been published of my remarks I talked rather strong, but one thing is evident if I did not talk strong it was not because I did not feel strong on the occasion.

I left the next morning, and wended my way southward. I visited the different settlements hurriedly until I reached Parowan in the county of Iron, the place of the first settlement in the southern part of the Territory. When I arrived there it appeared that some rumor, or spirit of

State I and the little Little Late

surprise had reached them, for there were active corn and made us as comfortable as they could, be killed. We used to talk to them in this way operations going on, seemingly preparing for some and I never ate better corn or better melons in when we lived down in their midst, and then hing that was near at hand. As I drove in at my life. We stopped over night with them, and when it came to the sticking point we would he gate I beheld the military on the square ex- not one of them asked me for a thing, which is bow to them, and what did we get by it? Br. ercising, and was immediately surrounded by the remarkable as the Indians are intolerable beggars, Taylor told you that thousands had suffered in 'Iron Battalion'' which seemed to have held its but I was treated as well as if I had been among consequence. own very well since it was organized in that the Saints, and I never enjoyed a treat better. place.

pression that their country was about to be in- ilies of the missionaries, who lived at this place Dutchman and every man will get all he wants vaded by an army from the United States, and on account of the abundant grass for their stock, and many of us Yankees will get many of our that it was necessary to make preparation by ex- I then went to Penter and there addressed a dirty tricks purged and pruned out of us, and our amining each other's arms, and to make every house full of people in the evening and then pro- picayunary will vanish, it will all fail, for everything ready by preparing to strike in any direc- ceeded to Cedar the next day; they had heard they thing that we have in our hearts that is not right tion, and march to such places as might be neces- were going to have an army of 600 dragoons will be purged out, for our interest will be censary in the defence of their homes.

dent of the company that first made the settle- I asked him if this rumor should prove true if he had a long conversation with Senator Douglas, ment there. I was received with every feeling was not going to wait for instructions; he re- and he is a kind of personification of modern of enthusiasm and I never found them in better plied there was no time to wait for any instruc- democracy, very thick but not very long. He spirits. They were willing any moment to touch tion; and he was going to take his battalion and asked a great many questions about our Temple, fire to their homes, and hide themselves in the use them up before they could get down through and I gave him a description of the foundation, mountains, and to defend their country to the the kanyons, for said he, if they are coming here and he asked me if I expected we would ever be very last extremity.

when I went away, but the spirit seemed to burn have the privilege of using them up, for want of another thing than that which he alluded to, but in my bones to visit all these settlements in that an opportunity. I also visited the Saints at Par- I realized then just as well as I did when I read Fouthern region. Col. Dame was about organiz- agoonah and preached to them and in every place his proposition to 'cut out the loathsome ulcer.' ing the military of that District under the law of felt the same spirit. I then came over to Beaver, I said to him, 'O Judge, we are not a little handlast winter. As the Col. was going along to or- which is a new settlement, and the day previous ful as we were in Nauvoo, we can now do anyganize the military I got into the carriage and an Indian came in and told them there were thing we are a mind to." went on a mission of peace to preach to the peo- shod horses tracks at a spring over the big mounple. When I got to Cedar I found the Battalions tains about 20 miles to the east. on parade and the Col. talked to them and com- Major Farnsworth supposing that there was a of Vermont, said to me 'your domestic relations' pleted the new organization.

their meeting house. I never had greater liberty went over the mountains and traced the horses' Abraham seemed to have the same view of the of speech to proclaim to the people my feelings tracks until they ascertained they came from matter that we do. 'O,' says he, 'Abraham was and views, and in spite of all I could do I found Parowan. I do not know whether the inhabi- guilty of a great many eccentric tricks.' Eccenmyself preaching a military discourse, and I told tants of Parowan intended to whip a regiment tric as he might be, I replied, it is in his bosom them in case of invasion it might be necessary to of dragoons or not, but it is certain they are wide that all Christians expect to rest, and we do not set fire to our property and hide in the mountains, awake, and are not going to be taken by sur- expect that he is going to kick his wives out to and leave our enemies to do the best they could. prise. There was only one thing that I dreaded please any body. It seemed to be hailed with the same enthusiasm and that was a spirit in the breasts of some to that it was at Parowan. That was the same Sab- wish that their enemies might come and give them feel so enraged against us. I found in talking bath that br. Young was preaching the same a chance to fight and take vengeance for the kind of doctrine, and I am perfectly satisfied that cruelties that had been inflicted upon us in the all the districts in the southern country would States; they did feel that they hated to owe a have given him their unanimous vote. I then went to Harmony; br. Dame preached an old man that lives at Provo, br. Jameson who to the military and I to the civil powers, and I has carried a few ounces of lead in his body ever must say that my discourse partook of the mili- since the Haun's Mill massacre in Missouri, and tary more than the religious. But it seemed that he wants to pay it back with usury, and he un-I was perfectly running over with it, and hence dertook to preach at Provo and prayed that God I had to say something about it. I then went over a lovely country, and past chance at them. over "Peter's Leap" and some other such lovely places. It is rather rough, but I could not but is on account of my extreme timidity, for I would admire its extreme beauty, and I think if the Lord a great deal rather that the Lord would fight the had got up all the rough, rocky and the broken battles than me, and I feel to pray that he will among us to convert our souls. Poor cursed fragments of the earth in one he might have punish them with that hell which is to want to dropped it down there. previously learned that they were failing in their I want to inculcate all the time, and at the same about their religion and ten thousand times more? attempts to raise cotton, and that the waters of time if the Lord brings us in collision with them, the Rio Virgin were poisoning the cotton, but I and it is his will, let us take hold, not in the spirit learned that the seed had not come up, but what of revenge or anger, but simply to avenge God of had come up, perhaps one third of it, was exceed- his enemies, and to protect our homes and fireingly fine. The difficulty was that their cotton sides, but I am perfectly aware that all the setwas planted very late, and the sun heated the tlemen's I visited in the south, Fillmore includsand, for the soil is nothing but the red sand of ed, one single sentence is enough to put every Sahara. They planted in the sand as there was man in motion, in fact a word is enough to set in no where else to plant it, and the sun was scorch- motion every man, or set a torch to every building it, but they found that all that was necessary ing, where the safety of this people is jeopardwas to keep the sand wet, and when they poured ized. on the water the cotton grew. And old cotton I have understood that there are half a dozen growers told me that they had never seen a bet- fellows in Provo that have but one wife each, and ter prospect for cotton for the time it had been that they are not for fighting because they say this planted in the world, and this is the condition of trouble has come on account of plurality. Well, things in that country, and the prospect is, that I pity them because I know the women will they will have pretty good cotton and about the leave them, and that it would not be but a few third of a crop, and the next year they will be days before there would be so many broken able to raise lots of cotton, for they will be there hearted, disconsolate men, for the women among early enough, and have seed that can be depend- the Latter Day Saints will not live with such ed upon.

come down from the East on to the town; the tered in the kingdom of God. As it will be well recollected, I was the presi- Major seemed very sanguine about the matter. When I was back in Washington last season I they are coming for no good.

body of men in the neighborhood and that these are so at variance with sacred books.' Why, On the following day I addressed the Saints at were the tracks of the scouts, they immediately said I, the Father of the faithful, our father debt and not be able to pay it, and they felt like would send them along, for he wanted to have a Now I never felt so, but I do not know but it and can't, and it is my prayer and wish all the among them in the very hot bed of sectarian big-When I reached the cotton country, I had pre- time that this may be their doom. This is what men.

I tell you we have suffered more waste of life We pursued our visit to the Mountain Mea- and property than we will to face the music, and They had assembled together under the im- dows and there were kindly treated by the fam- let them do their cursedest and then every honest

able to accomplish it? The manner he commu-Now there had been no such preaching as that I admired his grit, but I thought he would not nicated it was to show that he had his eye upon

Some of our national statesmen profess to be Christians and wonderfully pious. Mr. Morill,

The corn in Tuise-gabbot's field, which was I have rejoiced and enjoyed myself on this planted early, was 18 feet high. If the sand was visit to the south as much as at any time, for I not wet it would all blow away. The country perceive a hearty willingness to do and sacrifice seemed very hot to me, otherwise I enjoyed the anything that was required for the preservation of visit very well, but the brethren insisted that it Zion, and whenever I got up to preach I was was a very cool spell while I was there. I preached to them in Washington City, and fore I got through I would best med. I thank the Lord for the desert holes that we live I will say to the brethren and sisters" that I in and for all the land that can be watered, in all feel to return to my Heavenly Father my manks amounting to but a few hundred acres. There are that he has thus far frustrated the designs of our but a few rods wide that can be watered, in a enemies, and I know that he has got the power place, but I tell you when the day comes that the to wield and to frustrate them at his will, and I Saints need these hills to be covered with vegeta- know if we are humble and united, and moved tion they have only to exercise faith, and God upon by the right spirit, God will fight our battles. will turn them into fruitful fields. We started from Washington in the night, and lives in the defence of our religion, God will save the brethren told me if I had seen the roads I us in celestial glory, and he will preserve us though would not travel them but I told them I did not all the world be against ust want to see the roads, for I was determined to go ahead. spring, called 'Allen's Spring', some Indians took into the presence of our Father in heaven. for our horses, we told them we were afraid they every man and woman that has not got a religion would get into some corn fields. They told us that is worth more than their mortal lives, and they would put them where they would get plen- unless we are willing to sacrifice all that pertains ty to eat and do no mischief. The Indians to these temporal feelings we are not worthy of brought our horses early in the morning and we salvation. arrived at 'Jacob's wikeup' as the Indians call Why there was an honest Dutchman came to Fort Clara, about 9 o'clock, and found their crops me this morning, and he had just heard that the suffering for want of water. I saw beautiful in- President had concluded to let the soldiers in digo, cotton and corn, and the stalks of the corn bere. His heart had sunk within him at the were perfectly dry, while the ears were green and | thought, and 'O,' says he, 'Can I live to see those fit to boil. We also had a glorious interview in this as in great many things besides that. God will protect other places with the natives of the desert. We his people, and he will fight their battles, and if remained there through the heat of the day, and he wants a little help I presume that he will find then proceeded down 'Jacob's Twist' (a magnifi- us ready. cent kanyon) to where the California road joins the Santa Clara and then followed up the Santa ligion and trust in God and keep their powder Clara in the dark of the night, a river upon whose dry;' I borrowed it from Cromwell. Be ready banks many scenes of desperation have been en- to defend Israel, and when we have done all we acted. About 10 o'clock at night we were surrounded world, it is presumption for you to talk so. Un-

Many people do not know why it is that they with hundreds and thousands of persons in the course of our travels that there was a deep rooted spirit of hatred, and in talking of this I found that my reasons were superior to theirs and they felt it and realized it, and my conversation seemed to suit and carry a good influence.

Our Elders have preached the gospel freely throughout the world, and they have tarred and feathered them and put them to death. If they could have defeated them by arguments all well enough, but no, these weapons proved ineffectual and they tried mobs and violence, and now they array the armies of the United States against us, that under their wing they may send missionaries slinks! Do not they know that we were raised otry and that we know all that the priests know

full and it seemed as if I could not stop, and be-

And if any of us are called to lay down our

[Pres. B. Young: That is frue.]

These are my feelings and this is my faith. We traveled 10 miles and camped by a small No matter what day nor hour we are called to go

troops come in here?' He can live through a

I have preached to the brethren to live their recan the Lord will do the balance. Why, say the

by some hundreds of the natives that were anx- cle Sam has 25 millions of people and 100,000,ous we should stop over night; they took care 000 of surplus money in the treasury, and thoufour horses, built us camp-fires and roasted us sands of men in the country that are aching to